

清华大学考试试题专用纸

考试课程 Subject: 求真书院代数博士生资格考 Algebra Qualifying Exam for Qiuzhen College

姓名 Name: _____

学号 Student ID: _____

- Exam Time: September, 2025 (3 hours)
- This exam has 3 pages of 7 basic problems and 2 out of 6 advanced problems (100 points).
- Candidates are expected to adhere to the examination discipline by default, and those who do not comply will bear the consequences themselves.
- All answers must include necessary details, proofs, and justifications.
- *You are strongly encouraged to write your answers in English.*

- 第 8-13 题为提高题，你需要选择其中任意两题作答。请在答题纸首页清晰画出并填写下列表格，以注明需评分的两道题目。未在首页列出的题目将不予评分。

Q. 8-13 are advanced problems and **selective**. Choose and answer **two** of them. No other answers will be graded. **Draw and fill the following table on the front page of the answer sheet to declare which two questions need to be graded.**

Advanced Problems		
Q.		
Score		

In the following problems, \mathbf{Q} is the field of rational numbers, \mathbf{R} is the field of real numbers, \mathbf{C} is the field of complex numbers, \mathbf{Z} is the ring of integers, \mathbf{F}_q is the finite field consisting of q elements. In all the problems, a ring means a commutative ring with multiplicative unit.

1 基础题 Basic Questions

Q. 1 (10 points). For $n \geq 1$, let A, B be two $n \times n$ matrices over an algebraically closed field K such that $AB = BA$. Prove that A and B have a nonzero common eigenvector.

Q. 2 (10 points). Let $R = K[x, y, z, w]$ denote the polynomial ring in four indeterminates over a field K . Define the ideal $I \subset R$ by

$$I = \{f(x, y, z, w) \in R \mid f(s^3, s^2t, st^2, t^3) = 0 \text{ in the polynomial ring } K[s, t]\}.$$

Show that I cannot be generated by two elements as an ideal of R .

Q. 3 (10 points). Let $f(x) \in \mathbf{Q}[x]$ be an irreducible polynomial of degree 4 and assume that f has exactly two real roots. Write G for the Galois group of the splitting field K of f over \mathbf{Q} .

1. Show that 8 divides the order $|G|$.
2. Show that G is not abelian.

Q. 4 (10 points). Let R be a ring and let $s \in R$. Set $S = \{1, s, s^2, \dots\}$. Show that the following statements are equivalent:

1. The canonical ring morphism $R \rightarrow S^{-1}R$ is surjective.
2. There exists $m > 0$ such that $s^m R = s^M R$ for all $M \geq m$.
3. There exists $n > 0$ such that the ideal $s^n R$ is generated by an element e with $e^2 = e$.

Q. 5 (10 points). Let $A = \mathbf{C}[x, y]$ and $B = \mathbf{C}[u, v]$ be polynomial rings over \mathbf{C} , and define a \mathbf{C} -algebra homomorphism $f: A \rightarrow B$ by $f(x) = u$ and $f(y) = uv$. Prove or disprove each of the following statements.

1. B is a flat A -module.
2. B is an injective A -module.

Q. 6 (10 points). 1. Let A be a finite abelian group and χ a complex character of A . Show that

$$\sum_{a \in A} |\chi(a)|^2 \geq |A| \cdot \chi(1).$$

2. Let G be a finite group and A an abelian subgroup of G of index n . Let ψ be a complex irreducible character of G . Show that

$$\psi(1) \leq n.$$

Q. 7 (10 points). Let SU_2 be the Lie group of 2×2 special unitary matrices and \mathfrak{su}_2 the Lie algebra of SU_2 . Prove that the image of the adjoint map $\mathrm{Ad}: \mathrm{SU}_2 \rightarrow \mathrm{GL}(\mathfrak{su}_2)$ is a Lie group isomorphic to $\mathrm{SO}(3, \mathbf{R})$.

2 高等题 Advanced Questions

Q. 8 (15 points). Suppose $r \leq n$ are positive integers. Let X be the subset of $M(n \times n, \mathbf{C})$ consisting of complex $n \times n$ matrices with rank at most r . Prove that X is Zariski closed. Find the number of irreducible components of X , and calculate the Krull dimension of each irreducible component of X .

Q. 9 (15 points). Let C be a genus one complex smooth projective curve. Take any point $p \in C$.

1. Prove that there exist rational functions f, g on C such that f has pole of order 2 at p , and g has pole of order 3 at p , and both f, g are regular on $C - \{p\}$.

2. Prove that C is isomorphic to a cubic curve in the complex projective plane \mathbf{CP}^2 .

Q. 10 (15 points). Let $K = \mathbf{Q}(\sqrt{82})$.

1. Find the absolute value $|\text{disc}(K)|$ of the discriminant $\text{disc}(K)$ of K .
2. Determine the class group $\text{Cl}(K)$ of K . Give a presentation of $\text{Cl}(K)$ (i.e., a set of generators and relations).

Q. 11 (15 points). Let \mathbf{Q}_p denote the field of p -adic numbers for a prime p and fix an algebraic closure $\overline{\mathbf{Q}}_p$.

1. Take $\alpha \in \overline{\mathbf{Q}}_p$ satisfying $\alpha^{p-1} = -p$ and set $K := \mathbf{Q}_p(\alpha) \subset \overline{\mathbf{Q}}_p$. Prove that K is Galois over \mathbf{Q}_p .
2. Take $\zeta \in \overline{\mathbf{Q}}_p$ satisfying $\zeta^p = 1$ and $\zeta \neq 1$, and set $L := \mathbf{Q}_p(\zeta) \subset \overline{\mathbf{Q}}_p$. Prove $L = K$.

Q. 12 (15 points). Consider the category \mathcal{O} for \mathfrak{sl}_2 . We identify the weight lattice of \mathfrak{sl}_2 with \mathbf{Z} by sending the first fundamental weight to 1. We denote by $L(\mu)$ the simple \mathfrak{sl}_2 -module of highest weight μ . In particular, the trivial representation $\mathbf{C} = L(0)$. Let $M(\mu)$ be the Verma module of highest weight μ . Let $P(\mu)$ be the projective cover of $L(\mu)$.

1. Show that there is only one $\lambda \neq 0$ such that $L(\lambda)$ has the same central character as $L(0)$. Determine the value of λ .
2. Write down composition series for the Verma modules $M(0)$ and $M(\lambda)$ for λ above and justify your answer.
3. Write down composition series for the projective modules $P(0)$ and $P(\lambda)$ for λ above and justify your answer.

Q. 13 (15 points). Consider the flag variety for GL_3 :

$$\mathcal{B} = \{V_\bullet = (0 = V_0 \subset V_1 \subset V_2 \subset V_3 = \mathbf{C}^3) \mid \dim(V_i) = i, \quad 1 \leq i \leq 3\}.$$

Let

$$e = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Let \mathcal{B}_e be the closed subvariety in \mathcal{B} consisting of flags stabilized by e , that is,

$$\mathcal{B}_e = \{V_\bullet \in \mathcal{B} \mid e(V_i) \subset V_i, \quad 1 \leq i \leq 3\}.$$

1. Compute the irreducible components of \mathcal{B}_e .
2. Compute the singular cohomology of \mathcal{B}_e with coefficient in \mathbf{Q} as a \mathbf{Q} -vector space.